## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



## United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004
Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE January 27, 2020

Contact: Longino Bustillos (800) 530-8810

## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION MONTH OF JANUARY 2020

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Above average temperatures along with moderately dry conditions seen throughout the State deteriorated soil moisture conditions as well as crop conditions during the month of January, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Notes from Northwest New Mexico stated that producers are feeding hay and supplements to livestock, stock water supplies are available but in limited quantity, and that unseasonable warm weather was experienced. In Northeast New Mexico, reports of windy and dry conditions have elevated the fire danger. They also stated that wheat was stressed from the lack of moisture. In Southeast New Mexico, the pecan crop was heavily affected by an October freeze. This resulted in pecans getting stuck in the shuck for the varieties of pecans that are harvested late in season reducing the quality and weight produced. The United States Drought Monitor released on January 23 noted that the State remained free of exceptional and extreme drought (D3 and D4). Severe drought (D2) covered 12.8 percent of the State, compared with 15.3 percent from the Drought Monitor for January 2. The area classified in moderate drought (D1) – currently 19.2 percent – showed an increase from January 2 at 13.1 percent. Overall, conditions rated abnormally dry or worse were evident across 32.0 percent of the State, a 15.1 percentage point improvement when compared with the end of December. Drought-free conditions were present across 29.3 percent of the State. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 35 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 38 percent at the end of December. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 16 percent very short, 32 percent short, 51 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 22 percent very short, 35 percent short, 41 percent adequate, and 2 percent surplus at the end of December. Stock water supplies were reported as 18 percent very short, 36 percent short, 45 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 24 percent very short, 29 percent short, 44 percent adequate, and 3 percent surplus last month.

Note: Monthly reports will be released for February on Monday, February 24, 2020; and for March on Monday, March 30, 2020.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS					
Commodity	Current report	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Chile					
Red harvested	100	93	NA	NA	
Pecans					
Harvested	75	49	NA	NA	
Cattle and calves					
Cows calved	5	NA	NA	NA	
Receiving supplemental feed	75	76	NA	NA	
Sheep and lambs					
Ewes lambed	14	NA	NA	NA	
Receiving supplemental feed	67	77	NA	NA	

NA - not available

(--) - zero

SOIL	MOISTI	IRF	CON	אסודוח

	Current report	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	32	17	NA	NA
Short	33	45	NA	NA
Adequate	34	34	NA	NA
Surplus	1	4	NA	NA
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	35	26	NA	NA
Short	42	48	NA	NA
Adequate	23	25	NA	NA
Surplus		1	NA	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

## **CROP AND LIVESTOCK CONDITION**

Commodity	Current report	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Pecans			-	
Very poor	2		NA	NA
Poor	15		NA	NA
Fair	18	3	NA	NA
Good	45	25	NA	NA
Excellent	20	72	NA	NA
Winter wheat				
Very poor	37		NA	NA
Poor	50	19	NA	NA
Fair	10	44	NA	NA
Good	3	35	NA	NA
Excellent		2	NA	NA
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	4	1	NA	NA
Poor	16	21	NA	NA
Fair	41	37	NA	NA
Good	27	28	NA	NA
Excellent	12	13	NA	NA
Sheep and lambs				
Very poor	15	1	NA	NA
Poor	8	9	NA	NA
Fair	25	55	NA	NA
Good	51	35	NA	NA
Excellent	1		NA	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero